(2003/1/9 2002/11/4)

.(4.6%)

Measurement the Density of Solid Materials By Gamma Rays

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ABSTRACT

The increase in the production of solid materials requires a simple and easy method to measure the density of these materials. A method is suggested to measure the density which is based on the absorption of gamma ray at certain energy which helps to measure the density with error less than 4.6% and in case the error exceeds the previous percentage the absorption material may contain impurities.

$$I = I_o \exp^{-((\frac{\mu}{\rho})\rho t)}$$
 (1)
$$(t=0) = I_o$$
 (t)
$$= I$$

$$(g/cm^3) \qquad \rho \qquad .(cm^2/g) \qquad = \mu/\rho$$

(1982)

(1)

(Mahrok, 2002)

.(1990) (1)

Pb Ag Zn Cu Al

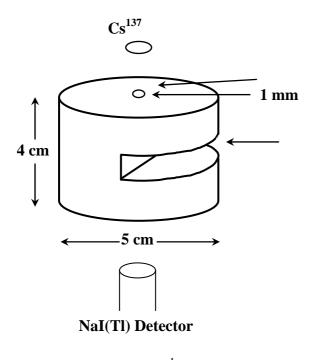
•

 Cs^{137} (1)

Cs¹³⁷ 662KeV

. Cs¹³⁷

.(1)



:1

(2.7 cm) Cs^{137}

.(1)

67 ...

5 cm 4 cm 1 mm

Canbera- NaI .1 mm
.(1) .85

. (1)

	Z	μ (cm ⁻¹)	(g/cm³)	$\frac{\mu/\rho}{(cm^2/g)}$	t(cm)	I_o	I	ρ (g/cm³)	%
Al	13	0.199	2.702	0.074	0.5	2480	2254	2.58	4.5
Cu	29	0.642	8.92	0.072	0.14	2480	2263	9.1	2.0
Zn	30	0.521	7.14	0.073	0.036	2480	2436	6.81	4.6
Ag	47	0.789	10.5	0.076	0.09	2480	2302	10.9	3.7
Pb	82	1.236	11.34	0.109	0.11	2480	2157	11.64	2.6

 $I_{\rm o}$. 100 sec

 $(2) (\mu/\rho)$

(Strom 1970) μ/ρ (1) μ/ρ t Io I 662 keV μ/ρ

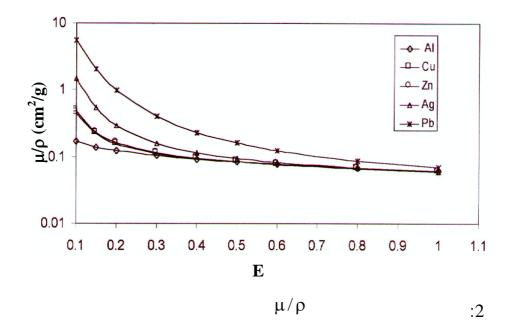
I

. (1)

(2)

4.6% (1) .(1995)

.() 4.6%



.1990

.220-223

.1995

.155

.1982

.112 - 110

Mahrok, M. F.; Sleeman, S. Y. and Essa, A. A., 2002. The Importance of Collimator in the Measurement of Sample Thickness By Gamma Ray. Rafidain Journal of Science, Vol. 13, No. 3, pp. 124-130.

Strom, E. and Israael, H. I.,1970. Nuclear Data Tables, A7, 580, 588, 599, 624 p.