

RAM

(2008/10/27 2008/6/24)

X

(MnO₂)(MnFe₂O₄)

(1)mm

.SWR

(3)mm

(86%)

**Microwave Absorbing Characteristics Study of Three Layers
Radar Absorbing Materials (RAM)**

Ammar Y. Al Jubory
Department of Physics
College of Science
Mosul University

ABSTRACT

In this work, Microwave absorbing coatings were prepared in the X-band region, in a form of three layers of ferrite powder (MnFe₂O₄), iron powder and manganese oxide powder (MnO₂) with (1)mm thickness for each layer. A study of layer exchange effect on absorption, when exposed to direct radiation was conducted. In this case, a standing wave ratio SWR system was used in which it was found that when the three layer coating (3mm thickness) were exposed to direct microwave radiation, a greater absorption values were obtained (86%). Hence, an exchange of coating layers does have a good impact on absorption values at specific frequencies.

	(Ni-Zn-Ferrite)	
(7,8,9,10,11)GHz		
	(Ishino and Takashi, 1978) (1.5-2.5)mm	
	(Amin and James, 1981)	
(5-20)GHz		
	(Hatakeyama and Inui, 1985)	
	(Narumiya <i>et al.</i> , 1987)	
	(Mn-Zn-Ferrite)	(3)mm
(Mn,Ti)	(Satatoshi, 1999)	
	(Barium M-Type Ferrite)	
	(Mn,Ti)	
(-20)dB		(3.85-60.18)GHz
		(2002)
	(Fe ₃ O ₄)	(8-12.5)GHz
	(2,4,6)mm	
	(2007)	(75%)
		(MnFe ₂ O ₄)

.X

(9-10)GHz

(106.5-500) μm

.(9.5-11)GHz

(200-780) μm

(2007)

($MnFe_2O_4$)

(Pradyot, 2001)

)

(μ)

($\chi \gg 1$)

(

(Domain Structure)

(1989

) (Magnetic Domains)

.(1985)

($MnFe_2O_4$)

(3)mm

(MnO_2)

(8-12.5)GHz

RAM

()

SWR

Rs
 :(Vinoy and Jha, 1996) d σ

$$R_s = 1 / \sigma d \dots\dots\dots(1)$$

(Dixon, 2001) (λ/4) (spacer)
 : R

$$R = (Z_{in} - Z_o) / (Z_{in} + Z_o) \dots\dots\dots (2)$$

: () Z_o Z_in

$$Z_o = (\mu_o / \epsilon_o)^{1/2} \dots\dots\dots(3)$$

(Vinoy and Jha, 1996)

$$Z_{in} = R_s \dots\dots\dots(4)$$

(4,2)

$$R_s = Z_o \dots\dots\dots(5)$$

.(-)

: (Ruck etal,1970)

$$\epsilon_r'' \gg \epsilon_r' \dots\dots\dots(6)$$

$$\mu_r'' \gg \mu_r' \dots\dots\dots(7)$$

$$\mu_r'' \mu_r' \epsilon_r'' \epsilon_r'$$

(7) (7,6)

R
 :

$$R = (Z \tanh(\gamma d) - Z_o) / (Z \tanh(\gamma d) + Z_o) \dots\dots\dots (8)$$

$$\gamma = (-\omega^2 \mu \epsilon + j \sigma \omega \mu)^{1/2} \dots\dots\dots (9)$$

: (8)

$Z_o = Z \tanh(\gamma d)$ (10)

: (6)

$\epsilon_r' \gg \epsilon_r''$ (11)

(0.21)cm

(35)dB

.(12)cm

.(Vinoy and Jha, 1996)

.(Dixon, 2004)

:

.1

.(1977)

Hysteresis

.(1985)

.2

.(1985)

(1986)

(Lance, 1964)

$$SWR = \frac{|V_{max}|}{|V_{min}|} \dots\dots\dots(12)$$

: (1)

$$SWR = \frac{|V_{max}|}{|V_{min}|} \dots\dots\dots(13)$$

:(Connor, 1972) R

$$R = (SWR-1) / (SWR+1) \dots\dots\dots(14)$$

: (2002)

$$R + T + A = 1 \dots\dots\dots(15)$$

= T

A

T

()

: A

$$A = (1 - R) \dots\dots\dots(16)$$

:

$$\text{Absorption}(A\%) = A * 100 \% \dots\dots\dots(17)$$

VSWR

(dB)

: (Seeger,1986)

$$VSWR(dB) = 20 \log (VSWR) \dots\dots\dots(18)$$

:

(MnFe₂O₄)

.1

MnO₂

(8x8)cm

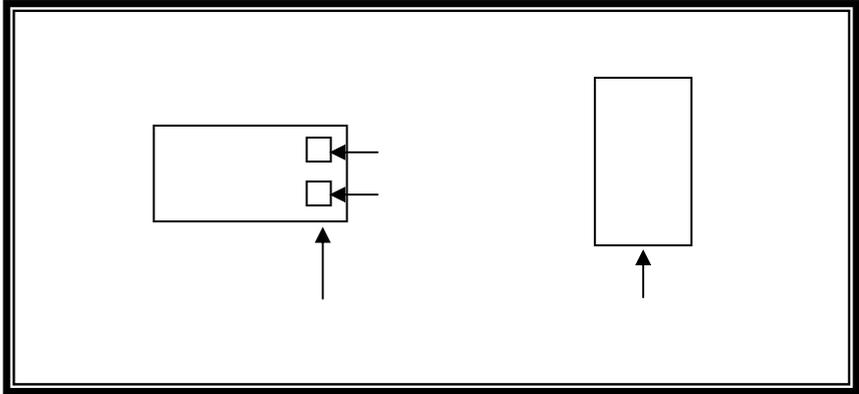
.2

.3

(3mm)

()

:



:1

()

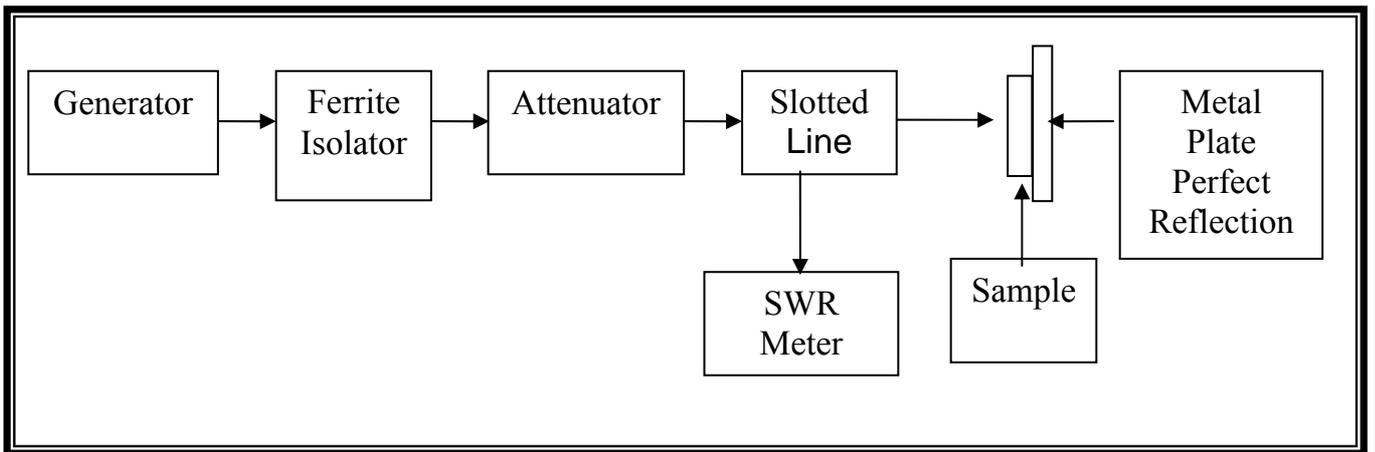
:

.4

SWR

.5

:(2)



:2

:

(3mm)

(1mm)

(1.5gm)

(1.5gm)

(1.5gm)

(MnO₂)

(Standard Deviation)

:

:1

Layers	Weight .gm	Epoxy.gm	Hardener.gm	t. mm	S.D
Ferrite	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.00	0.0781
Iron Powder	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.00	0.0726
MnO ₂	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.00	0.0465

:

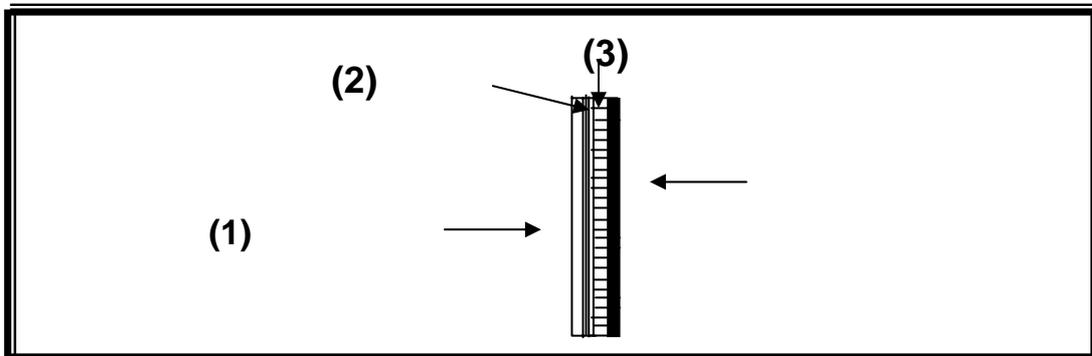
(MnO₂)

(2)

(3)

:

(1)



:3

	M	I	F		:2
M1	M1	I1	I1	F1	F1
I2	F2	M2	F2	M2	I2
F3	I3	F3	M3	I3	M3

.1

()

(8GHz)

SWR

($V_{max}=\infty$)

SWR

SWR

($V_{min}=1$)

SWR

VSWR

.2

()

($V_{min}=1$)

(8)GHz

()

SWR

SWR

(V_{max})

.SWR

(8.0,.....12.4)GHz

(0.2)GHz

(2)

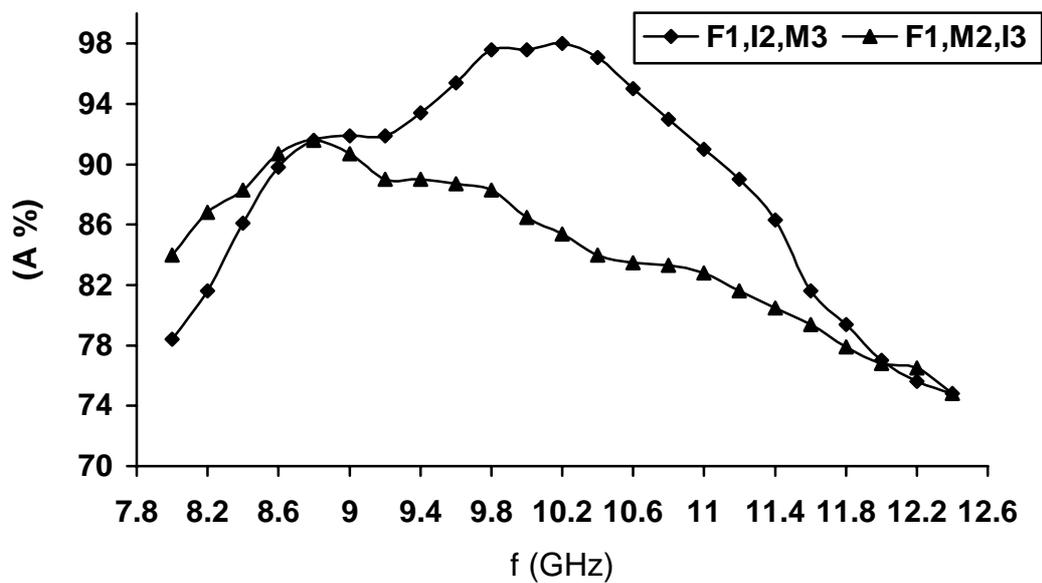
VSWR

VSWR

(6,5,4)

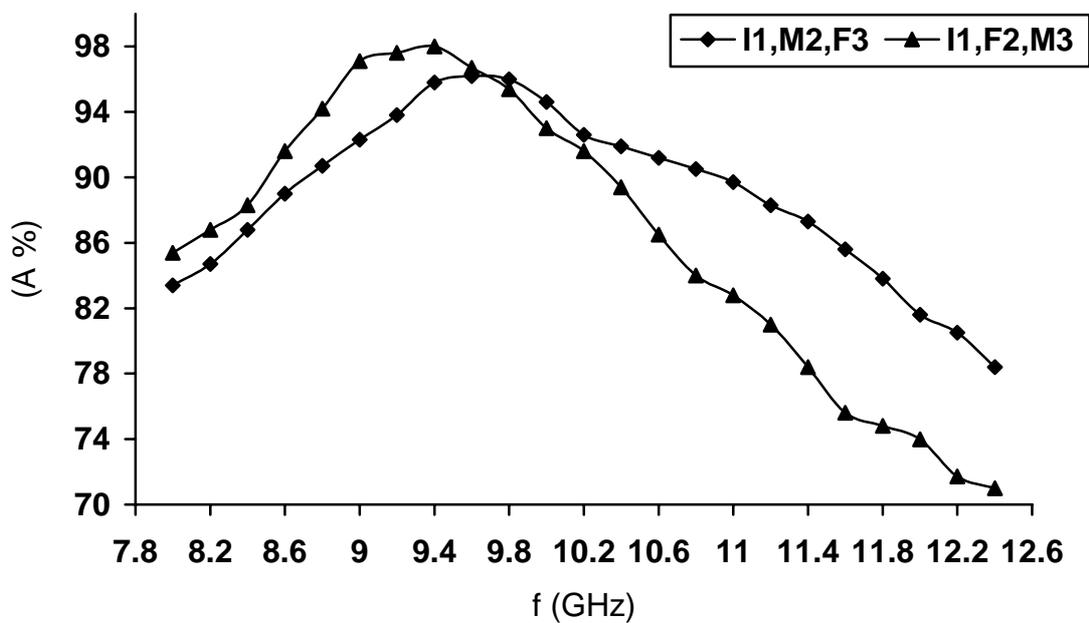
(A%)

.(17-12)



:4

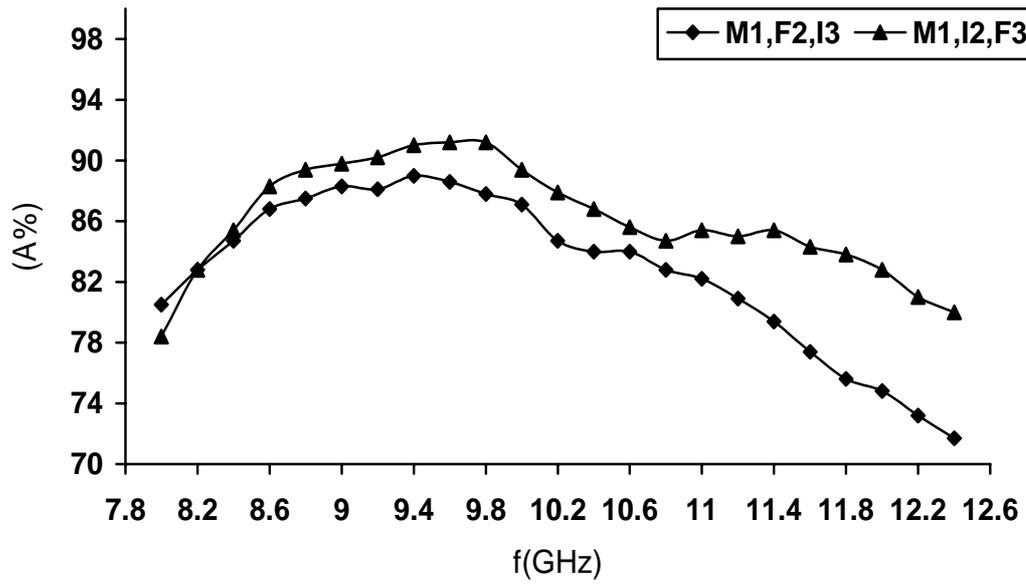
(3mm) (F1,M2,I3) (F1,I2,M3)



:5

(3mm) (I1,F2,M3) (I1,M2,F3)

.....RAM



:6

(3mm) (M1,I2,F3) (M1,F2,I3)

(4)

F1 (F1,I2,M3) (3)

M3 I2

(8.6-11.2)GHz (96%) (88%)

(F1,M2,I3)

(5) (8-10.2)GHz (92%) (84%)

(86%) (8.2-10.6)GHz (I1,F2,M3) (96%)

(I1,M2,F3)

(6) (8.4-11.6)GHz (96%) (86%)

(8.4-10.6)GHz (91%) (84%)

(M1)

- (X)
- (MnFe₂O₄)
- (70%) : (3)mm (MnO₂) .1
- (93%) (F1,I2,M3) (5,4) .(X) .2
- (I1,F2,M3) (9.4-10.8)GHz
- (91%) (8.6-10.2)GHz
- (MnFe₂O₄) (2007)
- (5,4) (MnO₂) .3
- (87%) (F1,,M2,I2)
- (I1,M2,F3) (8.4-9.8)GHz (90%)
- .(8.4-11.6)GHz (90%) (86%)
- (6) .4
- (M1) (8.6-10)GHz (86%)
- .(M1,F2,I3) (M1,I2,F3) .5

.(2002) (Amin and james, 1981)

.1985

.2002

.1986

.2007

X

.1977

.1989

- Amin, M.B., and James, J.R., 1981. Techniques For Utilization of Hexagonal Ferrites In Radar Absorbing. Part1 Broad Band Planer Coating. The Radio and Electronic Engineer Vol.51, No.5, pp.209-218.
- Connor, F.R., 1972. Wave Transmission. Edward Arnold, London, 31p.
- Dixon, P., 2004. Damping Cavity Resonance Using Absorber Material. Microwave Technology, pp.16-19.
- Hatakeyama, K., and Inui, T., 1985. Electro–Magnetic Wave Absorbing Material. United State Patent No. 4, 538, 151p.
- Ishino, Ken, and W., Takashi, 1978. Coating for Preventing Reflection of Electromagnetic Wave and Coating Material for Forming Said Coatings. United State Patent No.4, 116, 906p.
- Lance, A.L., 1964. Introduction to Microwave Theory and Measurements. Mc Graw – Hill, USA, 34p.
- Narumiya, Yoshikazu; Hashimoto, Yasuo; Yui, Hiroshi, and Kageyama, Yoshiteru, 1987. Electromagnetic Shielding Material. United State Patent No.4, 690, 778p.
- Pradyot, Patnaik, 2001. Handbook of Inorganic Chemicals. MC Graw-Hill, London, pp.552-553.
- Ruck, G.T; Barrick, D.E; Stuart, W.D., and Krichbaum, C.K., 1970. Radar Cross Section Handbook. Pleunum Press, New York.
- Satoshi Sugimoto, 1999. Compositional Dependence of the Electromagnetic Wave Absorption Properties of $\text{BaFe}_{12-x-y}\text{Ti}_x\text{Mn}_y\text{O}_{19}$ in the GHz Frequency Range. Materials Transaction, JIM, Vol.40, No.9.
- Seeger, J.A., 1986. Microwave Theory. Component's and Devices. Prentice –Hall, New Jersey.
- Vinoy, K.J., and Jha, R.M., 1996. Radar Absorbing Materials, from Theory to Design and Characterization. Kluwer Academic Publishers, Boston, Dordrecht.