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E. coli O157:H7

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E. coli O157:H7

Enterobacteriaceae

Enterobacter (%32) E.coli

(%8.8) Citrobacter BRAAKII (%5.9) E.sakazakii (%19.3) cloacae

(%0.7) Shigella Sonni (%7.4) Proteus mirabilis (%3.0) Citrobacter freundii

(%1.5) Serratia Plymuthica (%5.2) Salmonella

Enterococcus faecalis (%5.2) Pseudomonas aeruginosa

. (%10.4)

E.coli

E.coli (%47.7) O157: H7

(%22.7) O157 (%15.6)

. (%7.40) *E.coli*

. O157:H7 E. coli

Detection of *E.coli* O157:H7 Strain Among Bacteria Contaminated Drinking Water in Nineveh Province

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ABSTRACT

This research, was dealt with the isolation and identification of bacteria caused contamination in drinking water, and detection on the virulent pathogen *E. coli* O157: H7 strain in contaminated drinking water samples, the results indicated that most isolated bacteria belong to Enterobacteriaceae and the higher percent was *E. coli* (%32), in addition to other bacteria ,found among there were *Enterobacter cleacae* (%19.3), *E. sakazakii* (%5.9), *Citrobacter braakii* (%8.8), *Citrobacter freundii* (%3.0), *Proteus mirabilis* (%7.4), *Shigella sonni* (%0.7), Salmonella (%5.2), *Serratia plymuthica* (%1.5), *pseudomonae aeruginosa* (%5.2) and *Enterococcus faecalis* (%10.4).

E. coli serotypes were diagnosed in drinking water samples, to detect O157: H7 strain the result showed that (47.7 %) from all *E. coli* strains and (%15.6) from all other bacteria, while O157 strain formed (%22.7) percent and (%7.40) were most bacteria Isolated from drink water.